Re-emphasising that persons with disabilities, and their parents, guardians, advocates and Organisations, must be active partners with States in the planning and implementation of all measures affecting their civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights,

In pursuance of Economic and Social Council resolution 1990/26, and basing themselves on the specific measures required for the attainment by persons with disabilities of equality with others, enumerated in detail in the World Programme of Action,

Have adopted the Standard Rules on the Equalisation of Opportunities for Persons with Disabilities outlined below, in order:

- a) To stress that all action in the field of disability presupposes adequate knowledge and experience of the conditions and special needs of persons with disabilities;
- b) To emphasise that the process through which every aspect of societal Organisation is made accessible to all is a basic objective of socio-economic development;
- To outline crucial aspects of social policies in the field of disability, including, as appropriate, the active encouragement of technical and economic cooperation;
- d) To provide models for the political decisionmaking process required for the attainment of equal opportunities, bearing in mind the widely differing technical and economic levels, the fact that the process must reflect keen understanding of the cultural context within which it takes place and the crucial role of persons with disabilities in it;
- e) To propose national mechanisms for close collaboration among States, the organs of the United Nations system, other intergovernmental bodies and Organisations of persons with disabilities;
- f) To propose an effective machinery for monitoring the process by which States seek to attain the Equalisation of opportunities for persons with disabilities.

I. PRECONDITIONS FOR EQUAL PARTICIPATION

Rule 1. Awareness-raising

States should take action to raise awareness in society about persons with disabilities, their rights, their needs, their potential and their contribution.

- 1. States should ensure that responsible authorities distribute up-to-date information on available programmes and services to persons with disabilities, their families, professionals in the field and the general public. Information to persons with disabilities should be presented in accessible form.
- 2. States should initiate and support information campaigns concerning persons with disabilities and disability policies, conveying the message that persons with disabilities are citizens with the same rights and obligations as others, thus justifying measures to remove all obstacles to full participation.
- 3. States should encourage the portrayal of persons with disabilities by the mass media in a positive way; Organisations of persons with disabilities should be consulted on this matter.
- 4. States should ensure that public education programmes reflect in all their aspects the principle of full participation and equality.
- 5. States should invite persons with disabilities and their families and Organisations to participate in Public education programmes concerning disability matters.
- States should encourage enterprises in the private sector to include disability issues in all aspects of their activity.
- 7. States should initiate and promote programmes aimed at raising the level of awareness of persons with disabilities concerning their rights and potential. Increased self-reliance and empowerment will assist persons with disabilities to take advantage of the opportunities available to them.
- 8. Awareness-raising should be an important part of the education of children with disabilities and in rehabilitation programmes. Persons with disabilities could also assist one